WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 330

BY SENATORS GAUNCH AND BOSO

[Introduced January 20, 2016;

Referred to the Committee on Banking and Insurance;

and then to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §33-6A-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
 to automobile liability insurers' duty to provide a policyholder seven days' notice of an
 insurer's intent to cancel an automobile liability insurance policy where the reason for
 cancellation is nonpayment of a premium.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That §33-6A-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and 2 reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6A. CANCELLATION OR NONRENEWAL OF AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY POLICIES

§33-6A-1. Cancellation prohibited except for specified reasons; notice.

(a) No insurer once having issued or delivered a policy providing automobile liability
insurance for a private passenger automobile may, after the policy has been in effect for sixty
days, or in case of renewal effective immediately, issue or cause to issue a notice of cancellation
during the term of the policy except for one or more of the reasons specified in this section:

- 5 (a) (1) The named insured fails to make payments of premium for the policy or any
 6 installment of the premium when due;
- 7 (b) (2) The policy is obtained through material misrepresentation;

8 (c) (3) The insured violates any of the material terms and conditions of the policy;

9 (d) (4) The named insured or any other operator, either residing in the same household or
 10 who customarily operates an automobile insured under the policy:

(1) (A) Has had his or her operator's license suspended or revoked during the policy period
including suspension or revocation for failure to comply with the provisions of article five-a,
chapter seventeen-c of this code, regarding consent for a chemical test for intoxication: *Provided*,
That when a license is suspended for sixty days by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor
Vehicles because a person drove a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with

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16 an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight,

17 but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, pursuant to subsection (I), section two

18 of said article, the suspension may not be grounds for cancellation; or

(2) (B) Is or becomes subject to epilepsy or heart attacks and the individual cannot produce
 a certificate from a physician testifying to his or her ability to operate a motor vehicle;

(e) (5) The named insured or any other operator, either residing in the same household or
 who customarily operates an automobile insured under such policy, is convicted of or forfeits bail
 during the policy period for any of the following reasons:

24 (1) (A) Any felony or assault involving the use of a motor vehicle;

25 (2) (B) Negligent homicide arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle;

(3) (C) Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or of any controlled
 substance or while having an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of eight hundredths of one
 percent or more, by weight;

29 (4) (D) Leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident in which the insured is involved
 30 without reporting it as required by law;

31 (5) (E) Theft of a motor vehicle or the unlawful taking of a motor vehicle;

32 (6) (F) Making false statements in an application for a motor vehicle operator's license;

33 (7) (G) Three or more moving traffic violations committed within a period of twelve months,
34 each of which results in three or more points being assessed on the driver's record by the Division
35 of Motor Vehicles, whether or not the insurer renewed the policy without knowledge of all such
36 violations. Notice of any cancellation made pursuant to this subsection shall be mailed to the
37 named insured either during the current policy period or during the first full policy period following
38 the date that the third moving traffic violation is recorded by the Division of Motor Vehicles.

39 (b) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section to the contrary, no insurer may
 40 cancel a policy of automobile liability insurance without first giving the insured thirty days' notice
 41 of its intention to cancel, except that if the reason for cancellation is that the named insured fails

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42	to make payments of premium for the policy or any installment of the premium when due, pursuant
43	to subsection (a) of this section, then the insurer shall first give the insured seven days' notice of
44	its intention to cancel. Provided, That However, the insurance policy is voidable from the effective
45	date and time of the policy issued by the insurer if the insurer cancels the policy for failure of
46	consideration to be paid by the insured upon initial issuance of the insurance policy and provides
47	written notice to the insured of the cancellation within fifteen days of receipt of notice of the failure
48	of consideration and consideration has not otherwise been provided within ten days of the notice
49	of cancellation. Notice of cancellation for nonpayment of consideration shall be delivered to the
50	named insured or sent by first class mail to the named insured at the address supplied on the
51	application for insurance and shall state the effective date of the cancellation and shall be
52	accompanied by a written explanation of the specific reason for the cancellation. If the insurer
53	fails to provide such written notice to the insured, then the cancellation of the policy for failure of
54	consideration is effective upon the expiration of ten days' notice of cancellation to the insured.
	NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require automobile liability insurers to provide a policyholder seven days' notice of an insurer's intent to cancel an automobile liability

policyholder seven days' notice of an insurer's intent to cancel an automobile liability insurance policy where the reason for cancellation is nonpayment of a premium.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.